



PRODUCT DATA

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950

ONE-COMPONENT, POLYURETHANE. ARCHITECTURAL POURABLE GRADE

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PRODUCT

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 — A One-Component, Pourable Polyurethane, Traffic Grade and Construction Grade Sealant.

MANUFACTURER

Bostik, Inc.
211 Boston Street
Middleton, MA 01949-2128 USA
Telephone: (888) 603-8558
In MA: (978) 777-0100
Technical Service: (800) 523-2678
Technical Fax: (215) 957-0716
<http://www.bostik-us.com>

APPLICABLE STANDARDS THAT ARE MET

- ASTM C920, TYPE S, GRADE P, CLASS 25, USE T, A AND M.
- US Federal Specification TT-S 00230C (COMB-NBS) for one-component sealants as Type I, Class A, Non-Sag.
- Canadian Specification CAN/CGSB 19.13-M87.
- CARB and SQAQMD Compliant; and Meets OTC Regulation.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 sealant is a one-component, construction grade, polyurethane sealant capable of dynamic joint movement totaling 50% of original joint geometry (±25%). The sealant cures to a tough, flexible rubber when exposed to moisture present in the atmosphere.

Chem-Calk® 950 polyurethane sealant has a pourable consistency. Its physical properties will remain relatively stable over time and in varying weather conditions. Its physical properties are relatively unchanged over a wide temperature range, -20°F to 150°F (-29°C to 66°C).

BASIC USES

- Pourable polyurethane sealant designed for sealing expansion joints, control and perimeter joints in parking decks, pavements, plazas, malls, patios, driveways, factory and institutional floors or any other areas subject to foot traffic and light vehicle traffic.
- Cures to form a durable, flexible, watertight bond with most building materials in any combination including stone, masonry, ceramic, marble, wood, steel and aluminum.



TABLE 1: CHEM-CALK® 950 TYPICAL UNCURED PROPERTIES*

| Property | Value | Test Method/Note |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Tool/Work Time | 110 min. | Bostik Test Method |
| Skin Time | 4 hrs. | C 679 |
| Curing Time @ 77°F | 6 days | Varies w/ relative humidity |
| Flow, Sag or Slump | Pourable | C 639 |
| Staining & Color Change | None | C 510 |

TABLE 2: CHEM-CALK® 950 TYPICAL CURED PROPERTIES*
(After 7 days cure at 77°F and 50% RH)

| Property | Value | Test Method/Note |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Hardness (Shore A) | 48 | ASTM D 2240 |
| Modulus @ 100% Elongation | 140 psi | ASTM D 412 |
| Tensile Strength @ Break | 171 psi | ASTM D 412 |
| Elongation @ Break | 500% | ASTM D 412 |
| Adhesion Peel | >30 piw | TT-S-00230C/ASTM C 794 |
| Ozone Resistance | Excellent | |
| Joint Movement Capability | ±25% | TT-S-00230C/ASTM C 719 |
| UV Resistance | Good | ASTM C 793 |

* Values given above are not intended to be used in specification preparation.

FEATURES & BENEFITS

- Tenacious Adhesion Seals out the elements
- One component No mixing
- Pourable Aids in installation
- Meets CARB, SQAQMD, & OTC Usable anywhere in the United States

APPLICATION LIMITATIONS

- Construction substrates have become complex and diverse by nature and origin. Substrate chemistries and structures can interfere with adhesive performances of the sealant. **Adhesion to Substrate Pretest (ASP) is therefore MANDATORY to assess any adhesion and sealing characteristics—see *Adhesion to Substrates Pretest* section and see *Installation Protocol* section. This must be done pre-installation to avoid potential failures.** Call Technical Service for more information about surface preparation and possible priming.
- Do not apply over damp, contaminated, loose surfaces (See *Installation Protocol* and *Surface Preparation*), old sealants or other foreign substances that may impair the adhesion bond. Avoid air entrapment.
- Dampness and substrates with high moisture will trigger extensive curing of the sealant within a very short period of time. This may cause an excess of bubbling and foaming within the sealant and at the bottom of the bead.
- Porous substrates such as but not limited to marble, limestone and granite might absorb components of the Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 leading to staining of the substrate. **ASP with sufficient aging is mandatory to assess this potential issue.**
- The ultimate performance of Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 depends on proper joint design and proper application with joint surfaces properly prepared (See *Installation Protocol*). Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 is not recommended for joints with dimension less than or greater than what is recommended below. (See *Installation Protocol—Joint Design* section.)
- Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 must NOT be used to seal narrow joints or fillet joints.
- Smearing and feathering Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 over joints is not recommended.
- Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 is not recommended for continuous immersion in water or any other fluid. When fully cured avoid exposure, even incidental, to fuels, chlorinated, acid and alkaline solutions. Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 is not recommended for exterior or interior sealing below the waterline; please refer to Bostik® 940 Fast Set for marine applications.
- Contact of Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 with asphalts and other filler compounds impregnated with oil, asphalt, tar, etc., may deteriorate the cohesive strength of the substrate and ultimately compromise the seal.
- During the curing of Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950, do not expose to curing silicone sealants, curing Bostik® Chem-Calk® 2000, alcohol, acids or solvent-based materials.
- Lower relative humidity and temperature will significantly extend the curing time. Confined areas, deep joints and moisture barrier substrates may also affect the full cure time and extend it by many days.
- Until the sealant is fully cured, do not expose the sealant to any mechanical stress. Uncured sealant will not respond properly to cyclic expansion and contraction of the joint specified for the cured sealant only.
- The surface of a Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 seal when exposed to UV rays and sunlight will NOT retain its gloss. This phenomenon can occur within a few weeks after exposure. The change is limited to the surface layer of the seal and should not compromise the sealing properties of the Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 if the dimensions of the joint are proper and the sealant is otherwise properly applied. Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 may remain tacky for a few hours and attract dust and dirt from the jobsite which may affect the appearance of the sealant. Check tack-free time to prevent dirt pickup.
- Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 is not RTV silicone and therefore is suitable for painting with latex based paints. Paint chemistries and flexibility characteristics of the paint films over the sealant may affect wetting, adhesion and integrity of the paint layer; and it is therefore **mandatory** to pretest the paint or other coating over the Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 to ensure the successful compatibility between the sealant and the paint/coating after a sufficient amount of time.

See your paint manufacturer for specifications and limitations and call our Technical Service for more information. In general, oil-based paints are not recommended because of their poor elastic properties and because of their potential interaction with the sealant chemistry, which may create non-curing conditions for the sealant. Do not paint over the polyurethane sealant until it has fully cured.

INSTALLATION PROTOCOL

Joint Design:

In general, more joint movement can be accommodated in a thin bead of sealant than a thick bead. Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 polyurethane sealant should be no thicker than 1/2" (12.7mm) and no thinner than 1/4" (6.4mm). In joints between 1/2" and 1", the ratio of sealant width to depth should be approximately 2:1. Sealant width in joints between 1/4" and 1/2" should be 1/4" deep. Joints with dynamic movement should not be designed in widths less than 1/4".

The pourable sealant should not be used in joints with more than a two degree slope. Joints formed with Chem-Calk® 950 can be expected to extend and compress a total of 50% of the installation width with no more than 25% movement in a single direction without affecting the seal or adhesive bond.

Surface Preparation:

See limitations about surface preparation. Surfaces must be structurally clean, dry (no frost) and structurally sound, free of contaminants, including but not limited to dust, dirt, loose particles, tar, asphalt, rust, mill oil, etc. If substrate is painted or coated, scrape away all loose and weakly bonded paint or coating. Any paint or coating that cannot be removed must be tested to verify adhesion of the sealant or to determine the appropriate surface preparation if needed. (See *ASP* section on next page for details.)

To remove laitance and any other loose material, clean concrete, stone or other masonry materials with nonalcoholic-based solvent by washing, grinding, sandblasting or wire brushing as necessary. Do not use water to clean substrates. Dust must be thoroughly removed after cleaning.

Backer Rods and Bond Breaker Tapes:

Bond breakers, including but not limited to closed-cell polyethylene backer rods, are used to control depth of the sealant bead, provide a firm tooling surface and avoid three-sided adhesion. Where the depth of joint prevents use of backer rods, a polyethylene strip or tape must be used as a bond breaker to prevent 3-sided adhesion. Do not prime or damage the surface of the bond breaker. Refer to instructions given by rod and tape manufacturers for the correct backer rod and tape size related to joint size.

Priming:

Priming is always required for any on or below grade application or where standing water is expected to accumulate. Priming is required on all ferrous-based metals and in all applications exposed to intermittent or continuous water immersion. If sealant is to be applied to a material with specially treated surfaces or of particularly unusual surface characteristics, or if the sealant system will be exposed to intermittent ponded water, consult Bostik Technical Service for primer recommendations. **Prior to any use, however, it is always recommended that the sealant be applied on the surface to test adhesion. See *Adhesion to Substrate Pretest (ASP) Program*.**

It is the user's responsibility to check adhesion of the cured sealant on typical test joints at the project site before and also during application as weather conditions may affect the adhesion results (See *ASP* section on next page.). Refer to Bostik Primer product data sheet or call Technical Service for proper selection and application of Bostik Primers.

Tooling:

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 comes ready-to-use. Cut spout or tip to desired bead size. Apply moderate pressure to break seal inside the nozzle. Apply by using a professional caulking gun. Use opened cartridges and sausages the same day they are opened. Apply Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 polyurethane sealant in a continuous operation using positive pressure to the bottom of the joint to properly fill and seal the joint. When applying, avoid air entrapment

and overlapping. Tool the sealant before the skin forms with adequate pressure to spread the sealant against the backup material at the bottom and sides of the joint. A dry tool with a concave profile is recommended for that operation. Do not use water or soapy water for this operation. Avoid smearing and feathering of the sealant to allow full performance of the cured seam. Excess sealant should be dry-wiped or joints should be properly taped. Tooling of the uncured sealant will aid the wetting of the sealant to the substrate.

Also, check one-half hour or so after the sealant has been applied to be sure that no runout has taken place through voids in the bottom of the joint. Such an occurrence is easily repaired at this time by topping with new material.

Cleaning:

After dry-wiping uncured sealant from substrates and tools, remaining uncured sealant can be removed by using Xylene, Toluene or similar aromatic solvents. Please refer to the MSDSs provided for these solvents before use. Bostik® Hand and Tool towels can also remove uncured sealant. Cured sealant is usually very difficult to remove without altering or damaging the surface to which the sealant has been misapplied. Cured sealant can be removed by abrasion or other mechanical means (scrapers, putty knives).

Curing Time:

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 950 is a moisture cure, polyurethane sealant. On wood, with ambient air at 50% relative humidity and at 73°F, polyurethane sealants will generally skin within twenty-four hour and cure 1/16 of an inch per day. Lower temperature and lower relative humidity will significantly increase the skin time and cure time of a polyurethane sealant.

Painting and Coating:

Bostik® Chem-Calk® 900 is not RTV silicone and therefore is suitable for painting with latex-based paints. Paint chemistries and flexibility characteristics of the paint films over the sealant may affect wetting, adhesion and integrity of the paint layer, and it is therefore **mandatory** to pretest the paint or other coating over the Bostik® Chem-Calk® 900 to ensure the successful compatibility between the sealant and the paint/coating after a sufficient amount of time. See your paint manufacturer for specifications and limitations and call our Technical Service for more information. In general, oil-based paints are not recommended because of their poor elastic properties and because of their potential interaction with the sealant chemistry, which may create non-curing conditions for the sealant. Do not paint over the polyurethane sealant until it has fully cured.

Maintenance:

If the sealant becomes damaged, replace the damaged portion by removing the old sealant completely, cleaning the surfaces and reapplying a fresh and appropriate amount of new sealant in accordance with the directions and information contained in this data sheet.

MANDATORY ADHESION TO SUBSTRATES PRETEST— (ASP)

A hand pull test must be run before the job starts and at regular intervals during the job. It must be run on the job site after the sealant is fully cured, usually within 7 to 21 days. (Adhesion may develop fully after at least 14 days.)

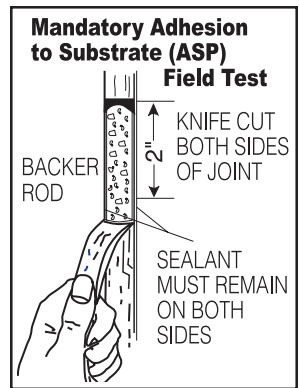
The hand pull test procedure is as follows:

1. Make a knife cut horizontally from one side of the joint to the other.
2. Make two vertical cuts approximately two inches long, at the sides of the joint, meeting the horizontal cut at the top of the two-inch cuts.
3. Grasp the two-inch piece of sealant firmly between the fingers and pull down at a 90° angle or more, and try to pull the uncut sealant out of the joint.
4. If adhesion is sufficient, the sealant should tear cohesively in itself.
5. Sealant may be replaced by applying more sealant in the same manner as it was originally applied. Care should be taken to ensure that the new sealant is in contact with the original, and that the original sealant surfaces

are clean, so that a proper bond between the new and old sealant will be obtained.

STORAGE • PACKAGING • SHELF LIFE

Shelf life of Bostik® Chem-Calk® 900 must be checked prior to using the product; do not use past its shelf life. Caulk past its shelf life may not perform or adhere as described by this data sheet. High temperature and high relative humidity may reduce significantly the shelf life of polyurethane sealants. If you are unsure of the expiration date of your Bostik product, please call customer service at 1-888-603-8556 to **check if the product is still within its shelf life.**



COLORS

Aluminum Stone; Limestone 12–30 oz. Cartridges per case
5 gallon pail

AVAILABILITY

Available from authorized Bostik distributors. Go to www.bostik-us.com and check on our distributor locator for the closest distributor in your location or call customer service at 1-888-603-8556.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Please refer to the MSDS for First Aid Information. Most current MSDS's can be found on Bostik's website at www.bostik-us.com or call customer service at 1-888-603-8556.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

TECH SERVICE phone number: 1-800-523-2678.

Field visits by Bostik personnel, Bostik manufacturer representatives or Bostik authorized distributor personnel are for the purpose of making technical recommendations only and not for supervising or providing quality control on the jobsite.

WARRANTY (Limited Warranty) — IMPORTANT NOTICE

All statements, technical information and recommendations set forth herein are based on tests which Bostik believes to be reliable. However, Bostik does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness. The buyer and/or user should conduct its own tests of this product before use to determine proper preparation technique and suitability for proposed application. Any sales of this product shall be on terms and conditions set forth on Bostik's order acknowledgment. Bostik warrants that the product conforms with Bostik written specifications and is free from defects at the time it leaves Bostik's control. BOSTIK DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED AND/OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THE BUYER'S SOLE REMEDY FOR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THIS WARRANTY SHALL BE FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT OR REFUND OF THE BUYER'S PURCHASE PRICE. IN NO CASE WILL BOSTIK BE LIABLE FOR DIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL ECONOMIC OR OTHER DAMAGES.

COVERAGE FOR 10.3 FL. OZ. CARTRIDGE (304 ml.)

| | | Width | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| | | 1/8" | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | 5/8" | 3/4" | 7/8" | 1" |
| Depth | 1/8" | 99 | 50 | 33 | 25 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 13 |
| | 1/4" | | 25 | 20 | 13 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| | 3/8" | | | 11 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| | 1/2" | | | | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 |

LINEAR FEET PER 10.3 FL. OZ. CARTRIDGE

COVERAGE CHART FOR 5 GALLON PAIL (18.9 L)

| | | Width | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| | | 1/8" | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | 5/8" | 3/4" | 7/8" | 1" |
| Depth | 1/8" | 6150 | 3100 | 2050 | 1540 | 1230 | 1025 | 870 | 770 |
| | 1/4" | | 1540 | 1240 | 770 | 615 | 510 | 440 | 370 |
| | 3/8" | | | 680 | 510 | 410 | 310 | 290 | 245 |
| | 1/2" | | | | 370 | 305 | 245 | 220 | 185 |

LINEAR FEET PER 5 GALLON PAIL

COVERAGE FOR 20 FL. OZ. SAUSAGE (600 ml)

| | | Width | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| | | 1/8" | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | 5/8" | 3/4" | 7/8" | 1" |
| Depth | 1/8" | 192 | 97 | 63 | 48 | 39 | 31 | 27 | 24 |
| | 1/4" | | 48 | 39 | 24 | 19 | 15 | 14 | 12 |
| | 3/8" | | | 21 | 15 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 |
| | 1/2" | | | | 11 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 5 |

LINEAR FEET PER 20 FL. OZ. SAUSAGE

COVERAGE CHART FOR 52 GALLON DRUM (196.8 L)

| | | Width | | | | | | | |
|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| | | 1/8" | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | 5/8" | 3/4" | 7/8" | 1" |
| Depth | 1/8" | | 63960 | 32240 | 16016 | 12792 | 10660 | 9048 | 8008 |
| | 1/4" | | | 12896 | 8008 | 6396 | 5304 | 4523 | 3848 |
| | 3/8" | | | 7072 | 5304 | 4264 | 3224 | 2907 | 2548 |
| | 1/2" | | | | 3848 | 3172 | 2548 | 2261 | 1294 |

LINEAR FEET PER 52 GALLON DRUM

NOTE: All values are approximations and can vary due to joint dimension variations, porosity, and texture of substrates.

PRIMER COVERAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

For one quart of primer, coverage is as follows:

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1 unit | 5 gallon pail |
| 5 units | 1.5 gallon unit |
| 7 gallons | 1 gallon unit |
| 96 cartridges | 10.3 fl.oz. cartridge |
| 32 cartridges | 30 fl.oz. cartridge |